

Dark Matter indirect detection: the positron channel

UniverseNet meeting



Timur Delahaye



Primary positrons

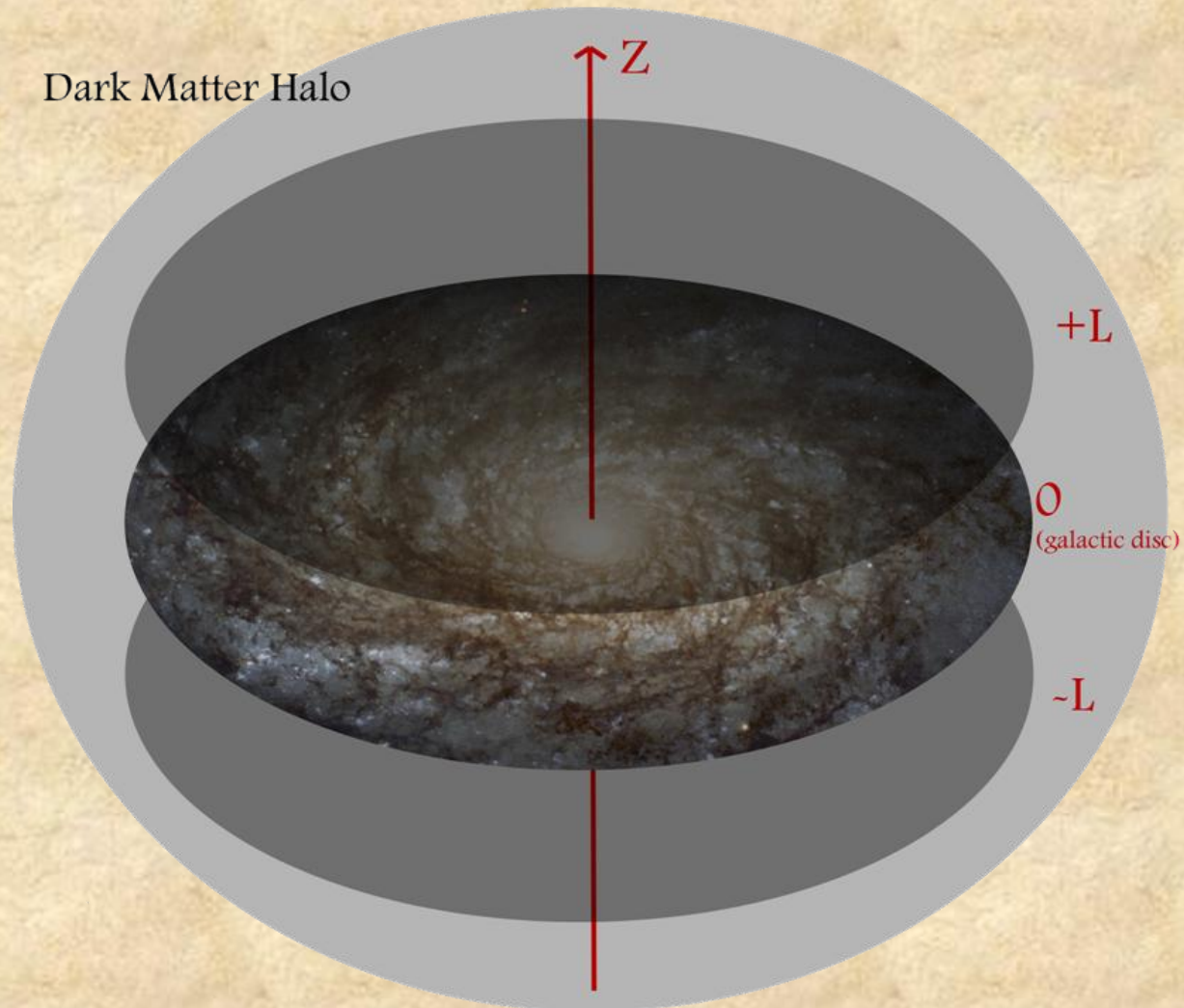
Positrons from dark matter annihilation in the galactic halo: theoretical uncertainties

With R. Lineros, F. Donato, N. Fornengo & P. Salati

Physical Review D 77 (2008) 063527

arXiv:astro-ph/0712.2312

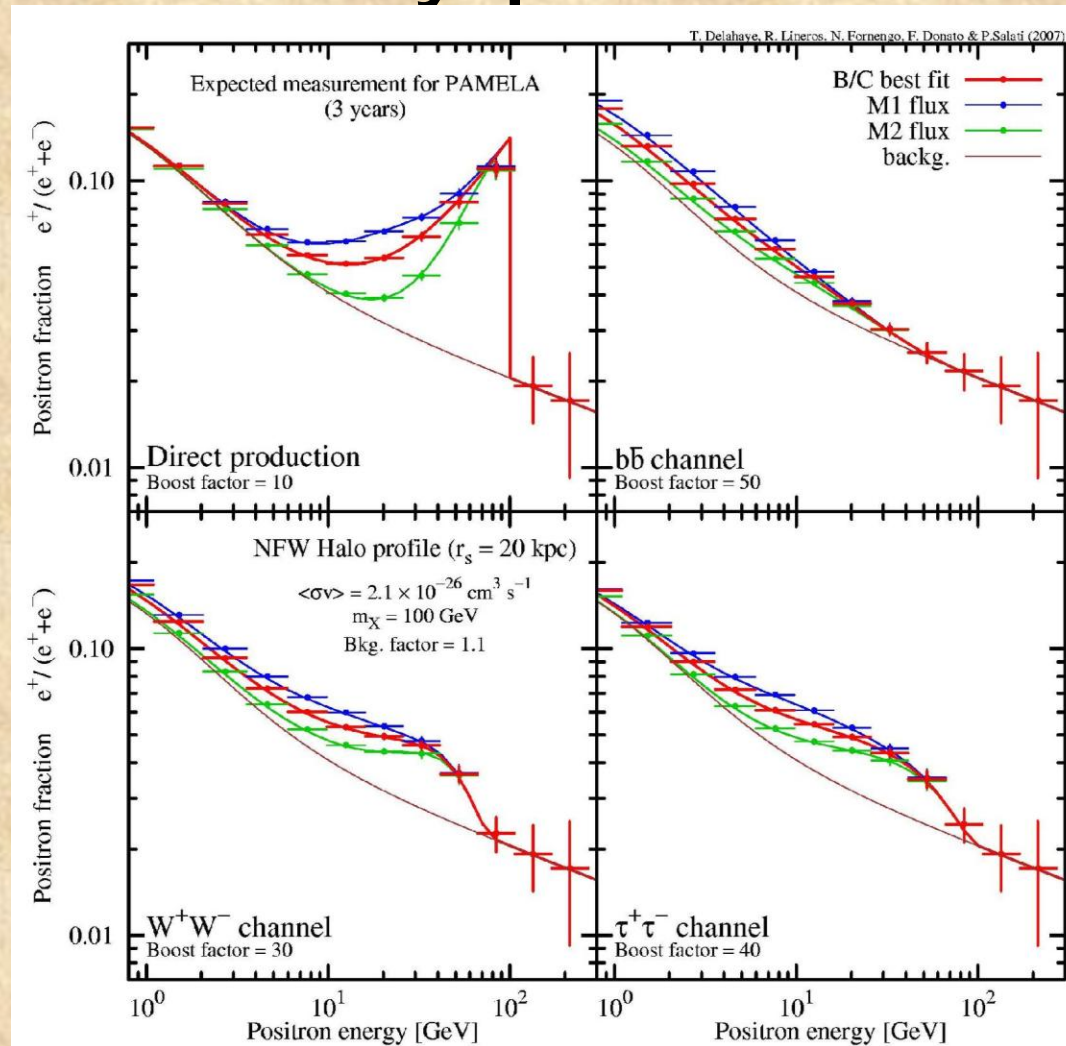
The model



The model

$$\begin{aligned} -\vec{\nabla} \cdot \left(K \vec{\nabla} n + \vec{V}_c n \right) - \frac{1}{\tau_e} \frac{\partial E^2 n}{\partial E} - \frac{\partial}{\partial E} \left(K_{EE} \frac{\partial n}{\partial E} \right) \\ = q \left(\vec{r}, t, E \right) - 2h\Gamma \delta(z) n \end{aligned}$$

Primary positrons

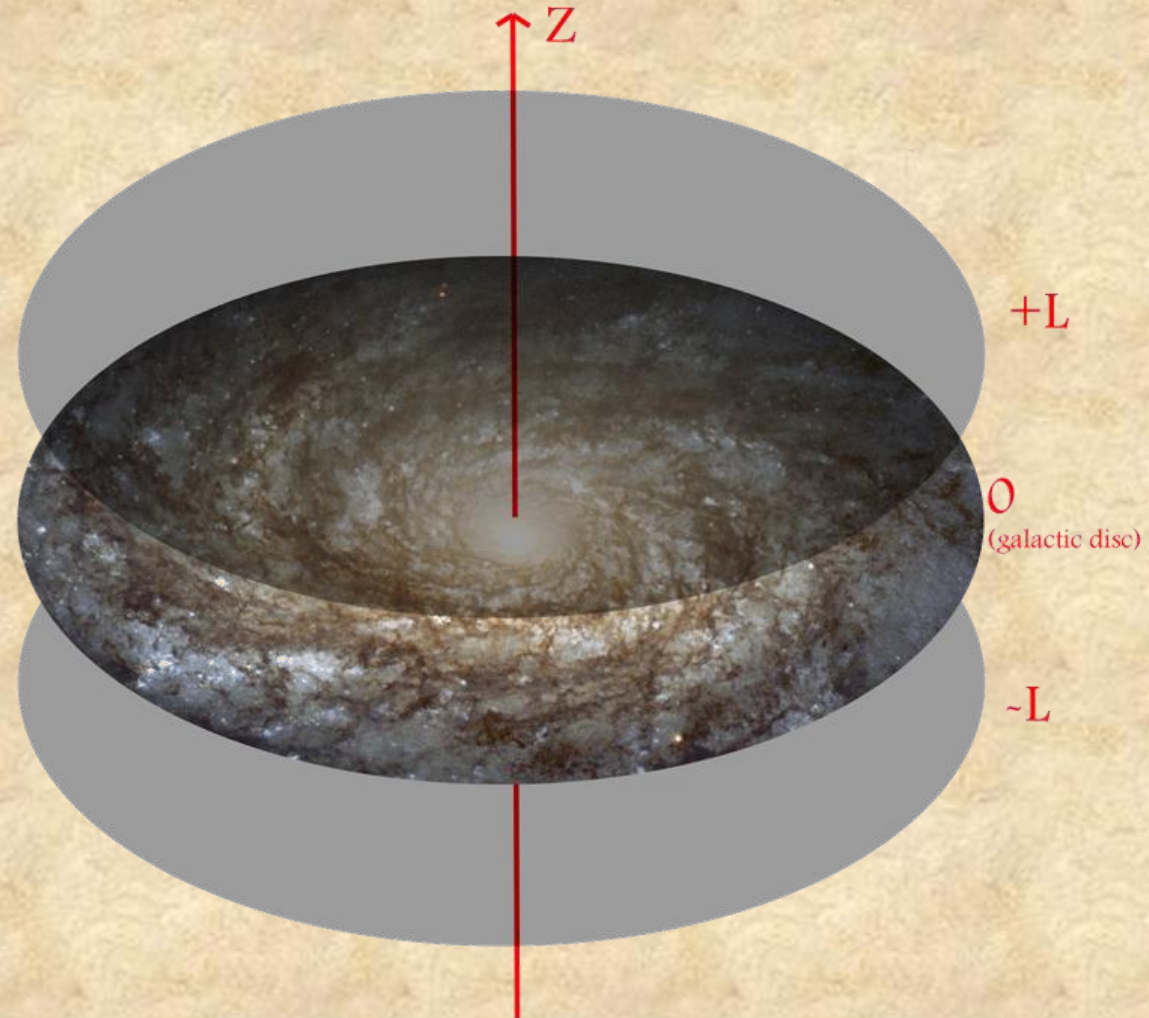


Secondary positrons

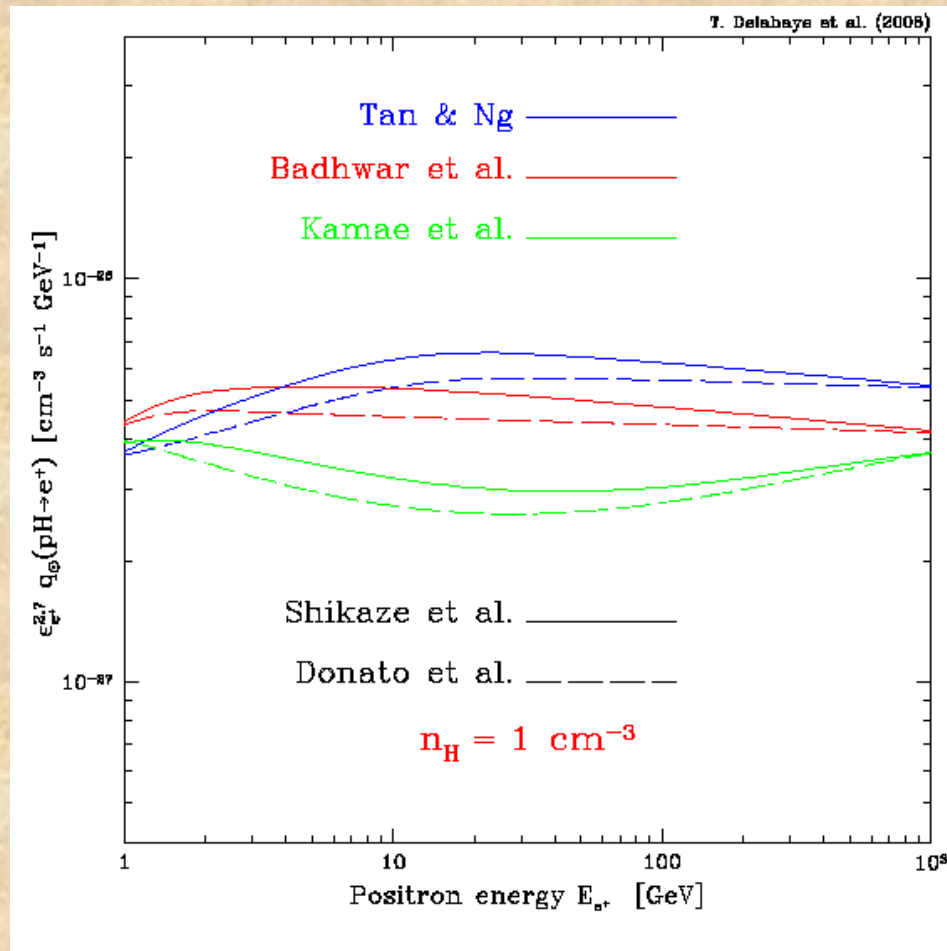
arXiv : 0809.5268

with R. Lineros, J. Lavallo, P. Salati, F. Donato,
N. Fornengo & R. Taillet

The model

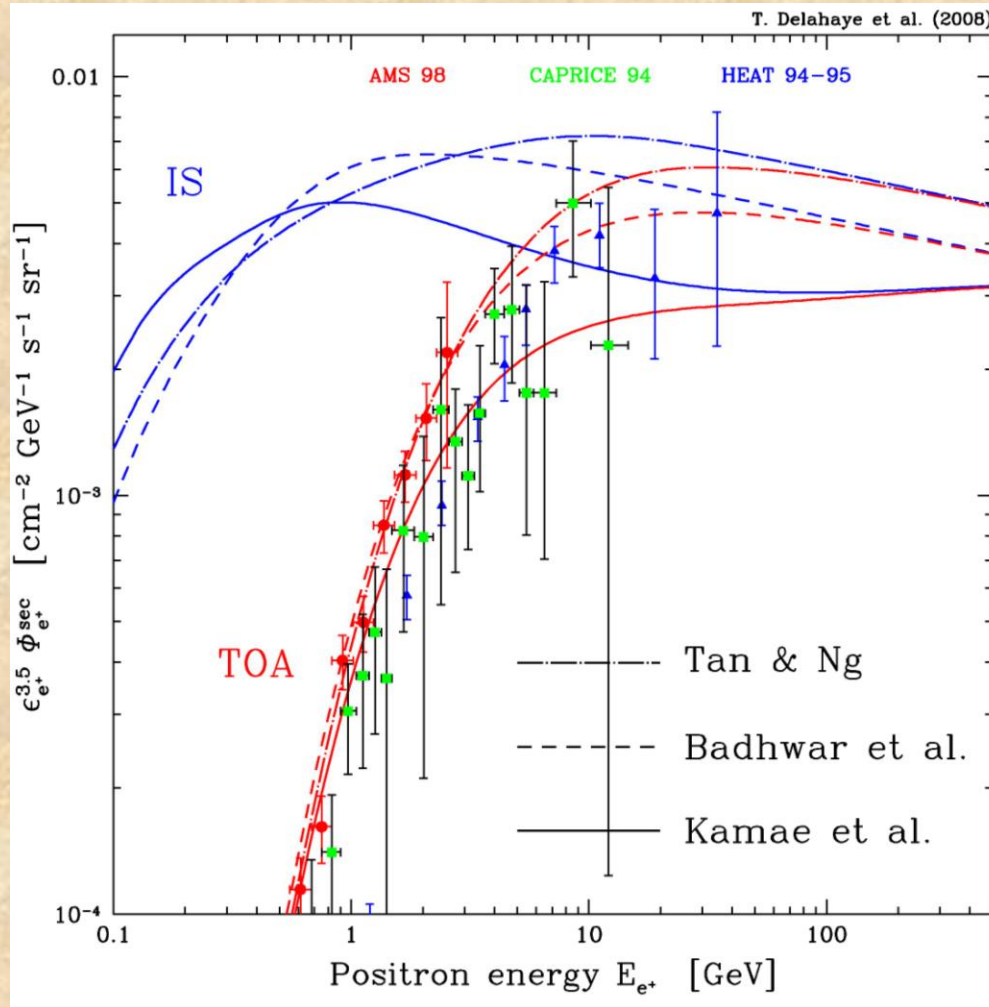


Positron source



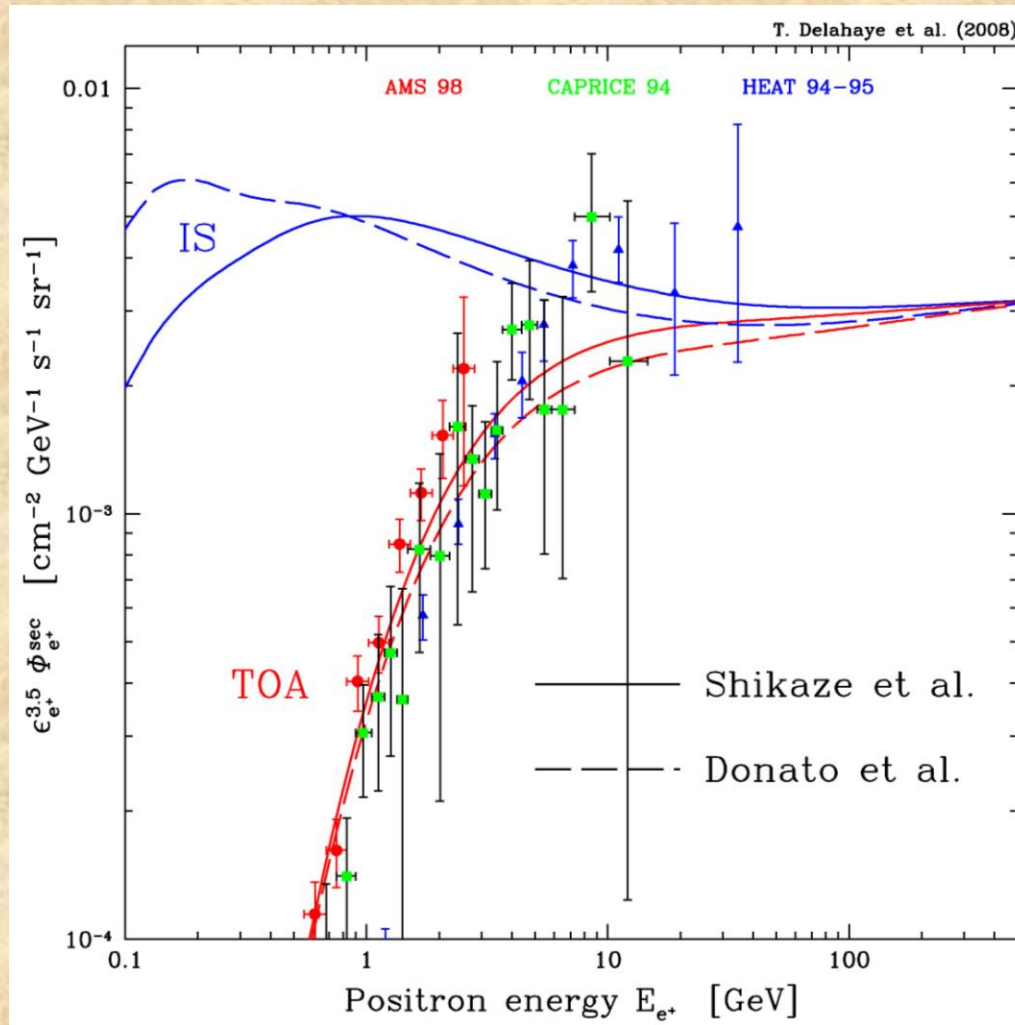
arXiv : 0809.5268

Cross sections



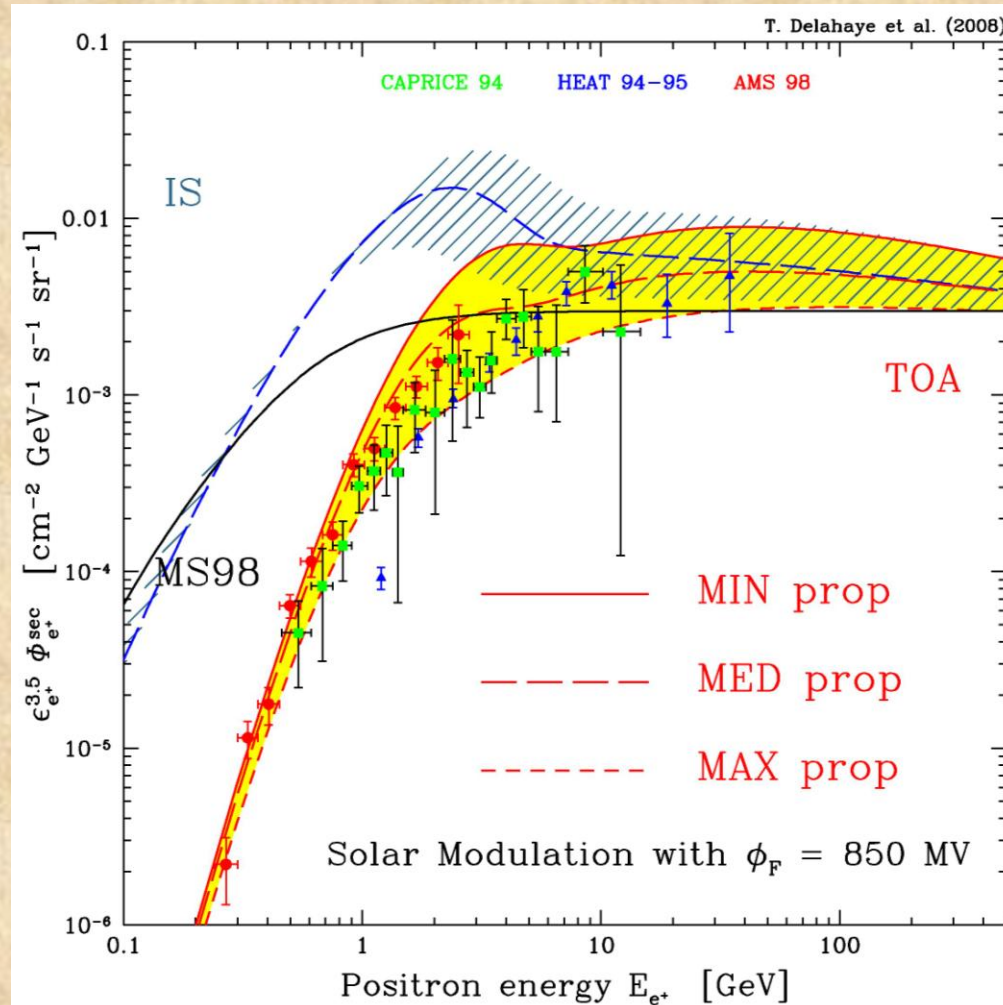
arXiv : 0809.5268

Proton flux



arXiv : 0809.5268

Secondary positrons



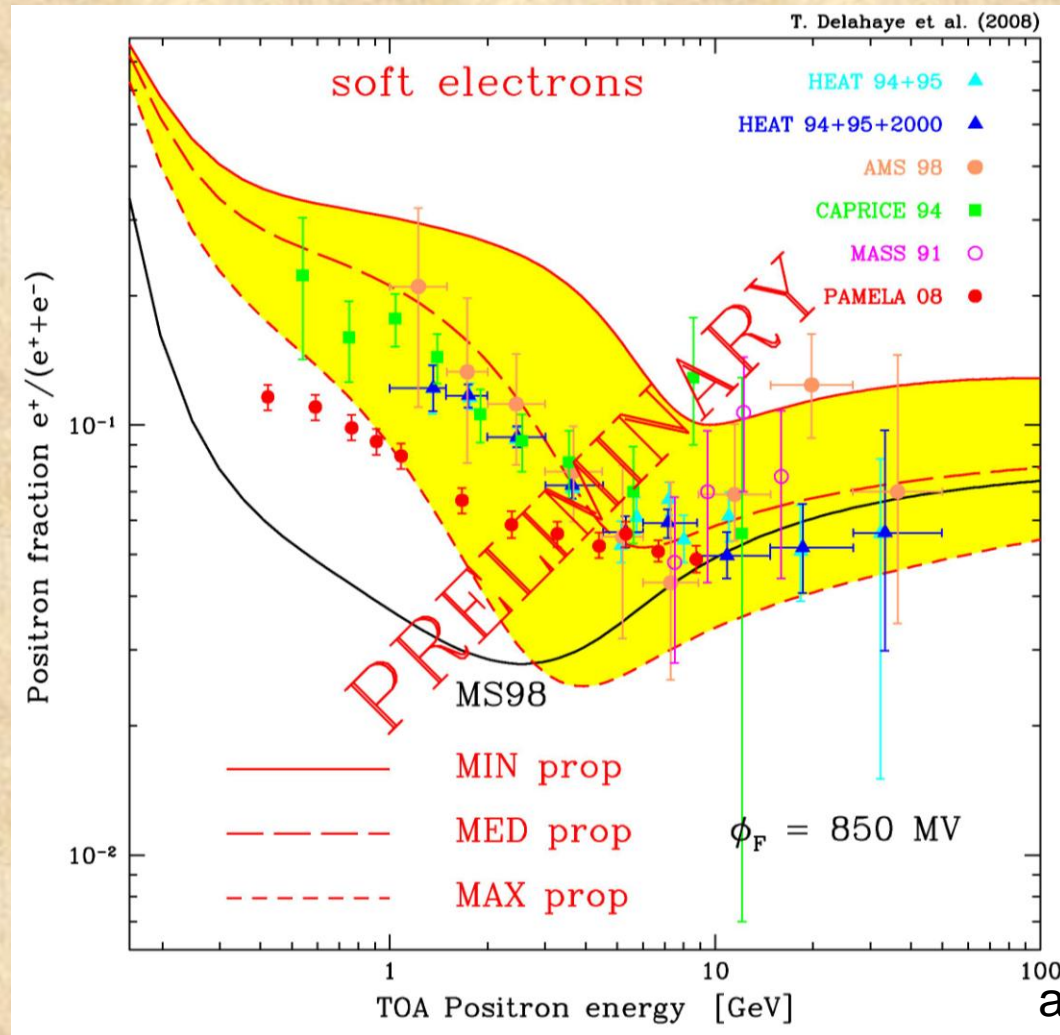
Badhwar et al.

arXiv : 0809.5268

What is next ?

- Analysing PAMELA data :
 - Is there an exotic signal ?
 - Can we put constraints on new physics ?
- Multi-channel analysis (pbar, γ ...)

Is there an excess ?



arXiv : 0809.5268

Do you have questions



PAMELA Data

